

Laser-based coherent scintillator

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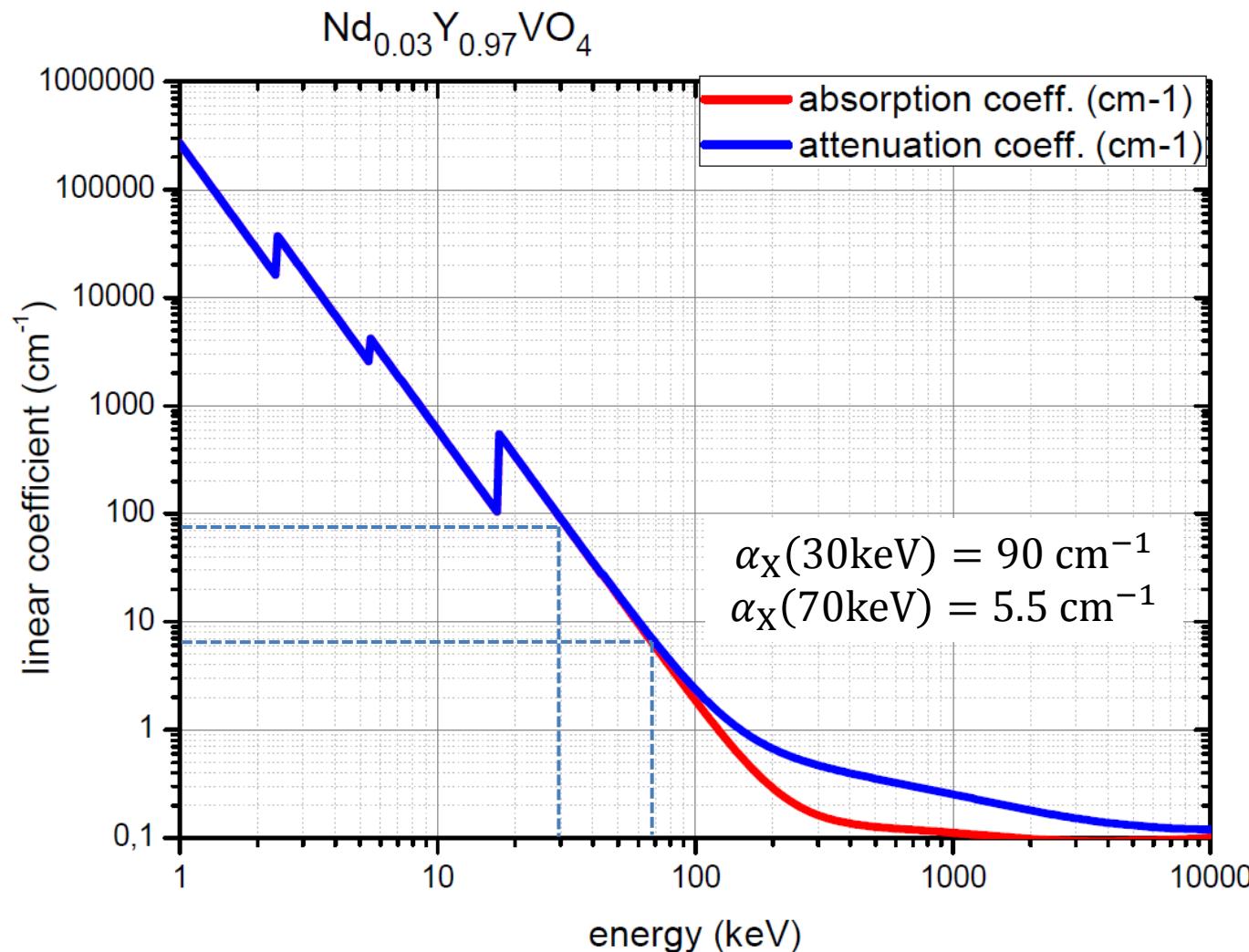
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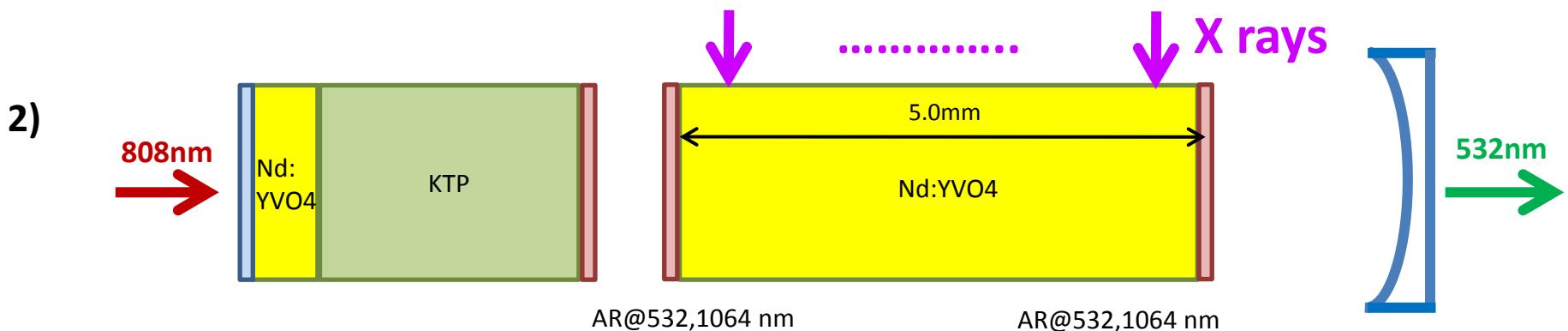
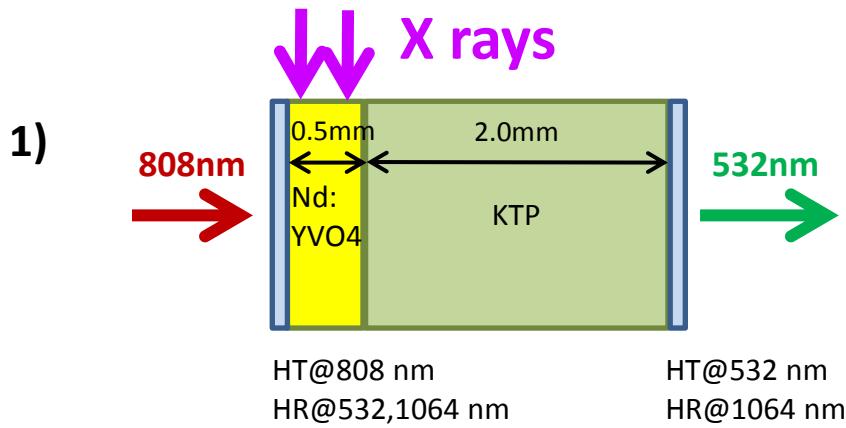
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X-ray absorption in Nd:YVO₄ laser medium



Laser design

Nd:YVO₄ (a-cut): 1 % at. $\equiv 1.26 \times 10^{20} \text{ cm}^{-3}$
 $\sigma_A = 2.8 \times 10^{-19} \text{ cm}^2$
 $\sigma_E = 25 \times 10^{-19} \text{ cm}^2$
 $\tau_{sp}(3\% \text{ at.}) \approx 30 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$



X-ray detection limits

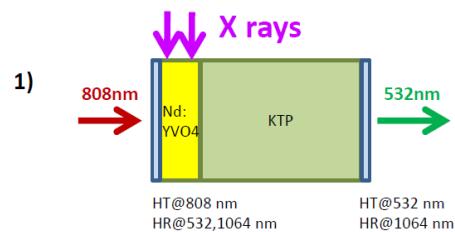
Pump/laser beam parameters: $w_0(808 \text{ nm}) = w_0(1064 \text{ nm}) = 100 \mu\text{m}$

$$M^2(808 \text{ nm}) = 20 \quad M^2(1064 \text{ nm}) = 1.5$$

Cavity parameters: $L = 0.5 \text{ mm}, L_c = 2.5 \text{ mm} (+5 \text{ mm} + \dots), \text{Loss} = 3\%$

Nd sensitization efficiency: $\eta_{X-\text{Nd}}(30 \text{ keV}, 3\% \text{ at.}) \approx 4500$

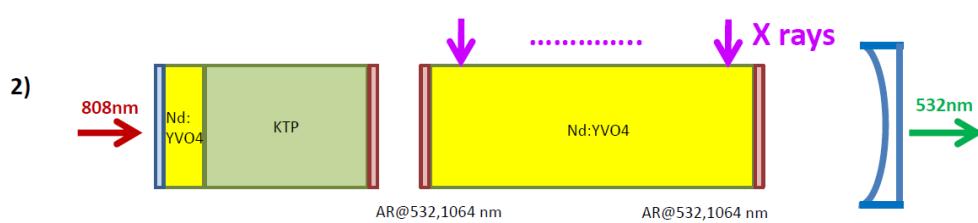
Pump noise: $\sigma_{\text{noise}}(808 \text{ nm}) = 0.5\% \text{ rms}$



$$P_{\text{th}} = 32 \text{ mW}$$

$$\phi_{X,\text{min}} = 2.7 \times 10^{14} \text{ ph s}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2} (1.3 \text{ W cm}^{-2}) \quad \text{cw}$$

$$F_{X,\text{min}} = 8.2 \times 10^9 \text{ ph cm}^{-2} (39 \mu\text{J cm}^{-2}) \quad \text{short pulse}$$



$$P_{\text{th}} = 32 \text{ mW}$$

$$\phi_{X,\text{min}} = 2.7 \times 10^{13} \text{ ph s}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2} (0.13 \text{ W cm}^{-2}) \quad \text{cw}$$

$$F_{X,\text{min}} = 8.2 \times 10^8 \text{ ph cm}^{-2} (3.9 \mu\text{J cm}^{-2}) \quad \text{short pulse}$$

1)

Model for coherent scintillator based on green laser pointer (Nd:YVO4+KTP)

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &:= 1.6 \cdot 10^{-19} & eV/J \\
 c &:= 3 \cdot 10^8 & \text{speed of light (m/s)} \\
 \lambda_p &:= 808 \cdot 10^{-9} & \lambda_l := 1064 \cdot 10^{-9} & \text{pump (laser) wavelength (m)} \\
 h\nu_p &:= \frac{1240}{\lambda_p \cdot 10^9} \cdot f & h\nu_l := \frac{1240}{\lambda_l \cdot 10^9} \cdot f & \text{pump (laser) photon energy (J)}
 \end{aligned}$$

laser crystal parameters

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{ion} &:= 3 \cdot 1.26 \cdot 10^{26} & \text{Nd-ion density : (\% at.) } x \text{ (ion density at 1\% at., m-3)} \\
 L &:= 0.5 \cdot 10^{-3} & s := 2 \cdot 10^{-3} & \text{Nd-doped YVO4 crystal length, size and laser beam distance from irradiated edge (m)} \\
 \sigma A &:= 2.8 \cdot 10^{-23} & d := 0.2 \cdot 10^{-3} & \text{a-cut absorption cross-section at pump wavelength (m2)} \\
 \sigma E &:= 25 \cdot 10^{-23} & & \text{a-cut stimulated-emission cross-section at laser wavelength (m2)} \\
 \tau_{sp} &:= 30 \cdot 10^{-6} & & \text{fluorescence lifetime (s)} \\
 \eta &:= 0.49 & & \text{optical pump quantum efficiency} \\
 v_g &:= 1.5 \cdot 10^8 & & \text{YVO4 group velocity at laser wavelength (m/s)}
 \end{aligned}$$

laser cavity parameters

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_c &:= 2.5 \cdot 10^{-3} & \text{cavity length (m)} \\
 Loss_L &:= 0.03 & \text{linear round-trip loss (OC transmittivity included)} \\
 \alpha_m &:= -\frac{1}{2L_c} \cdot \ln(1 - Loss_L) & \alpha_m = 6.0918 & \text{linear modal loss coefficient (m-1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

pump (laser) beam characteristics

$$\begin{aligned}
 n_p &:= 1.9721 & n_l &:= 1.9573 & \text{refractive index of Nd-doped crystal at pump (laser) wavelength} \\
 M2_p &:= 20 & M2_l &:= 1.5 & \text{pump (laser) M2 factor} \\
 w_0p &:= 100 \cdot 10^{-6} & w_0l &:= 100 \cdot 10^{-6} & \text{pump (laser) beam minimum waist (radius, m)} \\
 z_p &:= \frac{\pi \cdot n_p \cdot w_0p^2}{\lambda_p \cdot M2_p} & z_l &:= \frac{\pi \cdot n_l \cdot w_0l^2}{\lambda_l \cdot M2_l} & \text{pump (laser) Rayleigh range in Nd-doped crystal (m)} \\
 w_p(z) &:= w_0p \cdot \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{z}{z_p}\right)^2} & w_l(z) &:= w_0l \cdot \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{z}{z_l}\right)^2} & \text{pump (laser) beam waist in Nd-doped crystal (m)} \\
 G_p(x, y, z) &:= \frac{2}{\pi w_p(z)^2} \cdot e^{-\frac{2(x^2+y^2)}{w_p(z)^2}} & G_l(x, y, z) &:= \frac{2}{\pi w_l(z)^2} \cdot e^{-\frac{2(x^2+y^2)}{w_l(z)^2}} & \text{pump flux (laser photon density) distribution function}
 \end{aligned}$$

pump photon flux, Φ_p (ph m-2 W-1)

$$\Phi_p P(x, y, z) := \frac{1}{h\nu_p} \cdot e^{-\sigma A N_{ion} z} \cdot G_p(x, y, z)$$

local inversion density, ΔN (m-3 W-1), and gain coefficient, g (m-1 W-1)

$$\Delta N_p(x, y, z) := \sigma A \cdot \Phi_p P(x, y, z) \cdot \eta \cdot N_{ion} \cdot \tau_{sp}$$

$$g_p(x, y, z) := \sigma E \cdot \Delta N_p(x, y, z)$$

modal inversion density, ΔN_m (m-3 W-1), and modal gain coefficient, g_m (m

$$\Delta N_m P := \int_0^L \int_{-0.5s}^{0.5s} \int_{-d}^{s-d} \Delta N_p(x, y, z) \cdot G_l(x, y, z) \, dx \, dy \, dz$$

$$g_m P := \sigma E \cdot \Delta N_m P$$

threshold pump power, P_{th} (W), density, D_{th} (W m-2) and photon flux, Φ_{th} (ph s-1 m-2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{th} &:= \frac{\sigma m}{\sigma m_p} & P_{th} = 0.0321 \\
 D_{th} &:= \frac{2}{\ln(2)} \cdot \frac{P_{th}}{\pi \cdot w_0^2} & D_{th} = 2.9525 \times 10^6 \\
 \Phi_{th} &:= \frac{D_{th}}{h\nu_p} & \Phi_{th} = 1.2024 \times 10^{-5}
 \end{aligned}$$

modal inversion (m-3) and peak inversion fraction at threshold

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta N_m th &:= \Delta N_m P \cdot P_{th} & \Delta N_m th = 2.4367 \times 10^{22} \\
 \text{fract} \Delta N_{th} &:= \frac{\Delta N_p(0, 0, 0) \cdot P_{th}}{N_{ion}} & \text{fract} \Delta N_{th} = 3.4306 \times 10^{-3}
 \end{aligned}$$

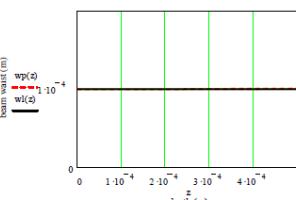
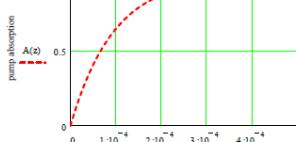
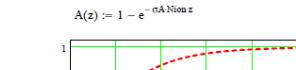
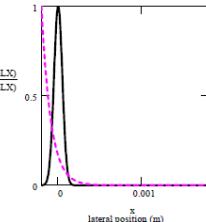
minimum X-ray flux (CW mode) and fluence (short pulse mode), Φ_{Xth} (ph/s/m2) and F_{Xth} (ph/pulse/m2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 h\nu_X &:= 30 \cdot 10^3 \cdot f & X-ray photon energy (J) \\
 \alpha_X &:= 9 \cdot 10^3 & X-ray absorption coefficient (m-1) \\
 \eta_{XtoNd} &:= 4.5 \cdot 10^3 & X-ray-pump quantum efficiency \\
 L_X &:= 0 & X-ray detecting crystal length (m) \\
 \sigma_{noise} &:= 5 \cdot 10^{-3} & pump laser RMS noise \\
 \Delta N_X \Phi(x) &:= \alpha_X \cdot e^{-\alpha_X(x+d)} \cdot \eta_{XtoNd} \cdot \tau_{sp} & X-ray induced local inversion density (m-3 ph-1 s m2) \\
 \Delta N_{mX} \Phi &:= \int_0^L \int_{-0.5s}^{0.5s} \int_{-d}^{s-d} \Delta N_X \Phi(x) \cdot G_l(x, y, z) \, dx \, dy \, dz & X-ray induced modal inversion density (m-3 ph-1 s m2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Phi_{Xmin} &:= \frac{\sigma_{noise} \cdot \Delta N_m th}{\Delta N_{mX} \Phi} & D_{Xmin} &:= h\nu_X \cdot \Phi_{Xmin} & \Phi_{Xmin} = 2.7416 \times 10^{18} & D_{Xmin} = 1.316 \times 10^4 \\
 F_{Xmin} &:= \Phi_{Xmin} \cdot \tau_{sp} & E_{Xmin} &:= h\nu_X \cdot F_{Xmin} & F_{Xmin} = 8.2249 \times 10^{13} & E_{Xmin} = 0.3948
 \end{aligned}$$

pulsed X-ray source peak flux, Φ_{xs} (ph/s/m2), and fluence, F_{xs} (ph/pulse/m2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_X &:= 1 \cdot 10^8 & X-ray photons per pulse \\
 S_X &:= 1 \cdot 10^{-5} & X-ray emission surface (m2) \\
 F_{xs} &:= \frac{N_X}{S_X} & F_{xs} = 1 \times 10^{13}
 \end{aligned}$$



2)

Model for coherent scintillator based on green laser (Nd:YVO4+KTP+Nd:YVO4)

$$\begin{aligned} f &:= 1.6 \cdot 10^{-19} & \text{eV/J} \\ c &:= 3 \cdot 10^8 & \text{speed of light (m/s)} \\ \lambda_p &:= 808 \cdot 10^{-9} & \lambda_l := 1064 \cdot 10^{-9} & \text{pump (laser) wavelength (m)} \\ h\nu_p &:= \frac{1240}{\lambda_p \cdot 10^9} \cdot f & h\nu_l &:= \frac{1240}{\lambda_l \cdot 10^9} \cdot f & \text{pump (laser) photon energy (J)} \end{aligned}$$

laser crystal parameters

$$\begin{aligned} N_{ion} &:= 3 \cdot 1.26 \cdot 10^{26} & N_{ion} \text{ density : } (\% \text{ at.}) \times (\text{ion density at 1\% at., m-3}) \\ L &:= 0.5 \cdot 10^{-3} & s := 2 \cdot 10^{-3} & \text{Nd-doped YVO}_4 \text{ crystal length, size and laser beam distance from irradiated edge (m)} \\ \alpha A &:= 2.8 \cdot 10^{-23} & \alpha E &:= 25 \cdot 10^{-23} & a\text{-cut absorption cross-section at pump wavelength (m2)} \\ \alpha E &:= 25 \cdot 10^{-23} & \alpha E &:= 25 \cdot 10^{-23} & a\text{-cut stimulated-emission cross-section at laser wavelength (m2)} \\ \tau_{sp} &:= 30 \cdot 10^{-6} & & \text{fluorescence lifetime (s)} \\ \eta &:= 0.49 & & \text{optical pump quantum efficiency} \\ v_g &:= 1.5 \cdot 10^8 & & \text{YVO}_4 \text{ group velocity at laser wavelength (m/s)} \end{aligned}$$

laser cavity parameters

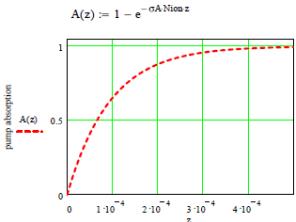
$$\begin{aligned} L_c &:= 0.2 & \text{cavity length (m)} \\ Loss_L &:= 0.03 & \text{linear round-trip loss (OC transmittivity included)} \\ \alpha_m &:= -\frac{1}{2L_c} \cdot \ln(1 - Loss_L) & \alpha_m = 0.0761 & \text{linear modal loss coefficient (m-1)} \end{aligned}$$

pump (laser) beam characteristics

$$\begin{aligned} n_p &:= 1.9721 & n_l &:= 1.9573 & \text{refractive index of Nd-doped crystal at pump (laser) wavelength} \\ M_2p &:= 20 & M_2l &:= 1.5 & \text{pump (laser) M2 factor} \\ w_0p &:= 100 \cdot 10^{-6} & w_0l &:= 100 \cdot 10^{-6} & \text{pump (laser) beam minimum waist (radius, m)} \\ z_p &:= \frac{\pi \cdot n_p \cdot w_0p^2}{\lambda_p \cdot M_2p} & z_l &:= \frac{\pi \cdot n_l \cdot w_0l^2}{\lambda_l \cdot M_2l} & \text{pump (laser) Rayleigh range in Nd-doped crystal (m)} \\ w_p(z) &:= w_0p \cdot \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{z}{z_p}\right)^2} & w_l(z) &:= w_0l \cdot \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{z}{z_l}\right)^2} & \text{pump (laser) beam waist in Nd-doped crystal (m)} \\ G_p(x, y, z) &:= \frac{2}{\pi w_p(z)^2} \cdot e^{-\frac{x^2+y^2}{w_p(z)^2}} & G_l(x, y, z) &:= \frac{2}{\pi w_l(z)^2} \cdot e^{-\frac{x^2+y^2}{w_l(z)^2}} & \text{pump flux (laser photon density) distribution function} \end{aligned}$$

pump photon flux, Φ_p (ph m-2 W-1)

$$\Phi_p P(x, y, z) := \frac{1}{h\nu_p} \cdot e^{-\alpha A N_{ion} z} \cdot G_p(x, y, z)$$



local inversion density, ΔN (m-3 W-1), and gain coefficient, g (m-1 W-1)

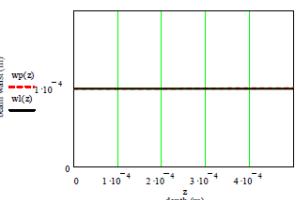
$$\Delta N P(x, y, z) := \alpha A \cdot \Phi_p P(x, y, z) \cdot \eta \cdot N_{ion} \cdot \tau_{sp}$$

$$g P(x, y, z) := \alpha E \cdot \Delta N P(x, y, z)$$

modal inversion density, ΔN_m (m-3 W-1), and modal gain coefficient, g_m (m

$$\Delta N_m P := \int_0^{-L} \int_{-0.5s}^{0.5s} \int_{-d}^{z-d} \Delta N P(x, y, z) \cdot G_l(x, y, z) dx dy dz$$

$$g_m P := \alpha E \cdot \Delta N_m P$$



threshold pump power, P_{th} (W), density, D_{th} (W m-2) and photon flux, Φ_{th} (ph s-1 m-2)

$$\begin{aligned} P_{th} &:= \frac{\alpha_m}{g_m P} & P_{th} &= 0.0321 \\ D_{th} &:= \frac{2}{\ln(2)} \cdot \frac{P_{th}}{\pi \cdot w_0p^2} & D_{th} &= 2.9525 \times 10^6 \\ \Phi_{th} &:= \frac{D_{th}}{h\nu_p} & \Phi_{th} &= 1.2024 \times 10^{25} \end{aligned}$$

modal inversion (m-3) and peak inversion fraction at threshold

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta N_m_{th} &:= \Delta N_m P \cdot P_{th} & \Delta N_m_{th} &= 3.0459 \times 10^{20} \\ \text{fract} \Delta N_{th} &:= \frac{\Delta N P(0, 0, 0) \cdot P_{th}}{N_{ion}} & \text{fract} \Delta N_{th} &= 3.4306 \times 10^{-3} \end{aligned}$$

minimum X-ray flux (CW mode) and fluence (short pulse mode), Φ_{Xth} (ph/s/m2) and F_{Xth} (ph/pulse/m2)

$$\begin{aligned} h\nu_X &:= 30 \cdot 10^3 \cdot f & X \text{-ray photon energy (J)} \\ \alpha X &:= 9 \cdot 10^3 & X \text{.ray absorption coefficient (m-1)} \\ \eta_{XtoNd} &:= 4.5 \cdot 10^3 & X \text{.ray-pump quantum efficiency} \\ L_X &:= 5 \cdot 10^{-3} & X \text{.ray detecting crystal length (m)} \\ \alpha_{noise} &:= 5 \cdot 10^{-3} & \text{pump laser RMS noise} \\ \Delta N_X \Phi(x) &:= \alpha X \cdot e^{-\alpha X (x+d)} \cdot \eta_{XtoNd} \cdot \tau_{sp} & X \text{.ray induced local inversion density (m-3 ph-1 s m2)} \\ \Delta N_{mX} \Phi &:= \int_L^{L+L_X} \int_{-0.5s}^{0.5s} \int_{-d}^{z-d} \Delta N_X \Phi(x) \cdot G_l(x, y, z) dx dy dz & X \text{.ray induced modal inversion density (m-3 ph-1 s m2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi_{Xmin} &:= \frac{\alpha_{noise} \cdot \Delta N_m_{th}}{\Delta N_{mX} \Phi} & D_{Xmin} &:= h\nu_X \cdot \Phi_{Xmin} & \Phi_{Xmin} &= 2.7396 \times 10^{17} & D_{Xmin} &= 1.315 \times 10^3 \\ F_{Xmin} &:= \Phi_{Xmin} \cdot \tau_{sp} & E_{Xmin} &:= h\nu_X \cdot F_{Xmin} & F_{Xmin} &= 8.2189 \times 10^{12} & E_{Xmin} &= 0.0395 \end{aligned}$$

pulsed X-ray source peak flux, Φ_{xs} (ph/s/m2), and fluence, F_{xs} (ph/pulse/m2)

$$\begin{aligned} N_X &:= 1 \cdot 10^8 & X \text{.ray photons per pulse} \\ S_X &:= 1 \cdot 10^{-5} & X \text{.ray emission surface (m2)} \\ F_{xs} &:= \frac{N_X}{S_X} & F_{xs} &= 1 \times 10^{13} \end{aligned}$$

